

- 1] Portugal and Spain 2] A is true, but R is false 3] John Locke
4] The Stamp Act 5] Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
6] Rakhigrahi 7] Only I and III are correct 8] Estevão Rodrigues
9] Media 10] The Indian Constitution allows central government to assume more control in emergencies
11] Difference in Longitude = $90+45=135$ degrees,
Time difference = 135×4 minutes = 540 minutes = 9 hours.
6.00 pm -9 hours = **Answer 9:00 am**
12] Padma 13]. A is false, but R is true 14] Most fertile region
15] Consumer Goods 16] It is offered to the public by the Government free of cost.
17] Capitalism 18] Prof. Adam Smith 19] Bitra 20] The Himalayas
21] by impeachment 22] Pacific Ocean. 23] Khadar 24] catchment area
25] George Washington
26] Timayya 27] Sardar Sarovar Dam 28] River Mandovi
29] 1] Annual expeditions were organized to explore the coast of Africa.
2] Prince Henry improved the sailing ship Caravel , capable of long voyages in stormy weather through the open sea.[etc] [Text- pg3]
30] 1] Europeans had information about the wealth of the eastern countries through various records written by the earlier travelers.
2] The visit of Marco Polo to the court of Kublai Khan in China, in the 13 century whereby he brought back precious stones from the empire .] [Text- pg2]

31] 1] Lothal was an important Harappan port and trading centre in Gujarat .

2] The architecture of the dock at Lothal shows engineering skills which was built to allow entry & exit of boats.] [Text- pg 36]

32] 1] The Sindhu Saraswati civilisation had a flourishing economic activity such as agriculture art, craft and trade. the fertile soil led to surplus agricultural production of wheat ,barley ,~~sasum~~^{Sesame}, mustard etc.

2] Art and craft industries such as beads, pottery etc. flourished which led to both internal & external trade contacts with Mesopotamia and other surrounding regions.] [Text- pg41]

33] 1] The script of the Sindhu Saraswati civilisation was pictographic. It had signs and symbols .Every symbol has some sought of sound, idea, or object.

2] The script was boustrophedon, written from right to left on one line and then from left to right in the next line. It is not yet deciphered.] [Text- pg42]

34] 1] A Coalition Government is formed when no political party gets a clear majority to form a Government .

2] In such situations, various political parties come together and form an alliance with the required majority in the Lok Sabha] [Text- pg78]

35] 1] The Lok Sabha is elected for a period of 5 years .before the completion of 5 years ,it can be dissolved if the government loses its majority.

2] The Prime Minister can also advise the President of India in case of failure of Constitutional machinery .] [Text- pg77]

36] 1] It is one of the most important waterfalls in Goa. These falls are on the higher reaches of the Mandovi River

2] It is the 5 highest waterfall in India and offers a spectacular sight during the monsoon season.] [Text- pg46]

37] 1] To the world ,Vasco da Gama 's epic voyage to India meant the discovery of a new sea route to the East.

2] To the Portuguese ,it opened vistas that would enable them to destroy the Arab monopoly over the spice trade and gain control over the Indian Ocean.] [Text- pg66]

38] 1] It symbolized the transition of India from colonial rule to a Sovereign Republic.

2] It required meticulous planning, consultation and deliberation by some of the ^{greatest} ~~gratest~~ minds of the time.] [Text- pg85]

39] 1] India forms a major part of Asia and stands out distinctly from the rest of the Asian Continent by its natural features

2] It has its own separate climatic characteristics,a distinct cultural identity,and a strategically important location [Text- pg4]

40] 1] Time is based on the longitudinal location of a place.

2] Due to the vast longitudinal extent of India of about 20 degrees, there is a time difference of almost 2 hours between Eastern and western parts of India.] [Text- pg3]

41] 1]The Deccan Plateau is covered with its characteristic black soil which is rich in humus.

2] This region is rich in mineral deposits and has many sources for irrigation and generation of hydroelectric power ^{and} ~~ans~~ it ^{is} also rich and diverse in flora & fauna.] [Text- pg22]

42][Page no. 32]

The Himalayan Rivers	The Peninsular Rivers
1. The Himalayan Rivers rise in the snow- covered mountains and are of perennial type.	1. The Peninsular rivers do not originate from snow- clad mountains and hence they are seasonal.
2. They are highly useful for irrigation, cultivation and navigation.	2. They are less navigable but useful for irrigation.

43] It helps in generating employment through fisheries, tourism and recreation, agriculture, irrigation, hydroelectric generation, inland navigation, industries, etc. [page no. 44]

44]1]With the end of the Inquisition,[1812],religious intolerance was a thing of the past.The period provided the people of Goa opportunities for self expression that took the form of revolts and upsurges,lively debates in the press and the like.

2] Constitutionalism was also experimented with. Etc.[Text- pg67] Any2 points.

45] 1] This part is covered with dense forests.

2] Many streams and rivers flow from this region to low lands making the land Fertile. [page no. 27]

46] Problem of Allocation of Resources' Problem of Full Utilization of Resources'.

a] Problems arise due to scarcity of Resources

a] In view of limited resources whether all resources are fully utilized

b] The problem arises of which wants should be fulfilled.

b] A community should achieve maximum satisfaction without wasting resources.

[Text- pg 98] Any2 points

47]

Western Coastal Plains

Eastern Coastal Plains

a]It extends from Kuchchh to Kanyakumari

a] It extends from the mouth of the Ganga to Kanyakumari

b] It is divided into the Konkan, Kannada & Malabar coasts.

b] It is known as Circars or kalinga in the North &Coromandel in the South.

c] It has estuaries, lagoons and

c] It has deltas& well developed fisheries.

backwaters . [Text- pg 24] Any2 points

- 48] 1] In the year 1773, the British parliament passed the Tea Act.
2] According to the Act, The English East India Company was given monopoly over tea trade with the colonies.
3] As a sign of protest, when a cargo of tea arrived at Boston port, a group of colonists disguised as Red Indians, threw away chests of tea into the sea.
[pg. 10]

OR

- 48] 1] The defeat and surrender of France completely removed the danger of French attack and the colonists moved swiftly towards independence.
2] The English wanted that a part of the war expenditure be borne by the colonies and they were quite justified in this, for it was a war for the protection of the colonies.
3] The English adopted a high-handed policy and resorted to the most unreasonable methods of taxing the colonists. [page no. 10]
- 49] 1] The great arc of mountains, consisting of the Hindu Kush, Himalayas and Purvanchal ranges, is defined as the northern Indian sub continent.
2] These mountain ranges have some of the tallest mountains which act as natural barriers to the cold polar winds blowing from the north.
3] It is this factor that isolates India from the rest of Asia. [Page no. 15]

OR

- 49] 1] The Indian desert or the Thar desert lies along the western margins of India.
2] The desert has longitudinal sand dunes which change their shape and crescent shaped dunes called Barchans.
3] The region receives less than 150 mm of rain and has an arid climate with scarce vegetation. [Page no. 25]
- 50] Dr.B.R.Ambedkar.
51] To ensure the rule of law and to protect the rights of the citizens.
52]Single Citizenship
53] Indian rivers are significant historically,religiously and culturally.
54] The River Godavari.

55] Mark on map-Mount K2[pg 17-fig2.6]

56] Mark on map- Purvanchal Hill [pg 18-fig2.7]

57] Mark on map- Bhopal[pg 5-fig 1.3]

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