

HOLLOW CRAFT STICKER (above)

1011 Social Science(E) - 2

679040

Subject Code	S-1011-B	
Subject	Social Science-II (E)	
Date	08/03/2025	
Supplements attached		
Main Answer Book	No. of supplements	Total
1	+	0 = 1
specific remarks of centre conductor regarding malpractices (in Red Ink)		

- Mobile Phones and other electronic gadgets are strictly prohibited inside the examination hall.
- Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed only in some subjects.
- Writing in any form on the Hollow craft sticker and Bar code sticker is strictly prohibited.
- Only blue ink/ball pen is to be used for writing the answers. Black lead pencil may be used for drawing figures, diagrams and graphs. Use of any other colour pencil/pen is strictly prohibited.
- Disclosing of identity on the answer book (except in the space provided) in any form is strictly prohibited.
- Candidate should check that the printed seat number is correct and verify that the answer book has all pages serially numbered before filling all other details.

Pg. No.	Examiner	Moderator	Chief Moderator
03	10	10	
04 & 05	11	11	
06 & 07	16	16	
08 & 09	—	—	
10 & 11	03	03	
Sup.1	—	—	
Sup.2	—	—	
Sup.3	—	—	
Sup.4	—	—	
Sup.5	—	—	
Sup.6	—	—	
TOTAL	40	40	
Total in words	Forty	Forty	

Marks Pg. 03	E	M	CM
	10	10	

03

Q.NO.

13

1) The soil formed due to the weathering of metamorphic and igneous rocks like granite and gneiss is Red and Yellow.

2) Species whose population is on a decline and are on the verge of extinction is Black Buck.

3) The financial instrument which can be used as a collateral is Fixed Deposit Receipt.

4) The vegetation found in few narrow stripped patches bordering the Arabian Sea along the coastal belts of Goa is Strand Vegetation.

5) Co-operative sector industries

6) Jahads

7) Rajasthan

8) Manufacturing

9) Ker lander

10) Manganese is used in manufacturing steel and bleaching powder, pesticides, plastics, paint.

14

Q.NO.

117

Internal Trade

When trade or exchange of goods and services takes place within the political limits of a country it is called internal trade.

International Trade

When trade or exchange of goods and services take place between two independent countries it is called international trade.

12) Right to choose is being denied to the consumer.

13) Noise pollution can cause issues related to blood pressure, anxiety, tensions, headaches and reduces work efficiency and psychological stress and can lead to cardiac arrest. Regular exposure to noise levels of more than 85 decibels can cause hearing impairment.

14) The main sources of irrigation for winter crops in India are nullahs, rivers, streams, tanks, wells and canals.

15) There are no restrictions on the number of transactions carried hence, current account is a non-interest account.

16) Green Revolution stressed on the use of improved seeds, proper application of fertilisers and improved irrigation methods. This is how Green Revolution brought about substantial change in the wheat production of India.

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05

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The Salaulim Devugation Project ~~It~~ has opened the untapped hinterland for tourism and transformed the socio-economic, industrial and agricultural scenario of South Goa.

18) Natural gas is the most rapidly growing energy source because it is convenient, cheap and clean in burning.

19) The introduction of genetic engineering in agriculture has resulted in ^{used in agriculture} decrease of fertilisers and pesticides, thus decreasing the amount of chemical pollution.

20) Sugar needs to be crushed as soon as it is cut because the sucrose content reduces rapidly. Hence, the sugar factories are situated close to ~~go~~ cane growing areas.

21) Lack of adequate infrastructure is a cause of many resource rich regions of a country to remain backward and development of infrastructure can bring about overall economic development. Hence, in India there is a huge number of regional inequalities in the distribution of resources, some regions have more resources of one type and less of the other.

22i) Roads are known as universal form of government as they ^{can} provide access to every part of the country far better

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than railways and waterways

- ii) Roads are not very much obstructed by natural factors like hilly terrain, deserts ^{or} forests. Hence, they are known as ^{the} arteries and veins of a country. Roads act as a feeder service for railways and waterways.

23) i) Expansion of Agriculture: Between 1951 to 1980, forest cover of 26,200 sq. km. had been turned into agricultural land.

- ii) Mining: Uncontrolled mining has resulted in large scale deforestation.

24) i) Multipurpose projects give rise to inter state conflicts. eg:- Ysa = Karnataka conflict over river Mhadei.

- ii) Obstruct the migration of aquatic life.
iii) ^{they} are unable to control floods.

25) i) Training farmers in production and post-harvest technologies.

- ii) Increasing minimum support price to give farmers motivation to ^{farmers to} cultivate their lands. This is how improvement in agriculture can help to alleviate poverty.

26) i) Mountains are ^a source for rivers, forests, alluvial soils and minerals.

- ii) Mountains play an important role in influencing our climate. Mountains occupy

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07

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30% of the total land area. Hence, they are an important relief feature of India.

Minerals can be conserved by:

27) i) Improving technology to use low-quality minerals.

ii) ~~Recycling~~ ^{reusing metal} metals, ~~other~~ ^{scrap} scrap and other measures.

28) i) ^{1st one} The Northern plains have a flat terrain ideally suited for the construction of railways.

ii) It has a high density of population, rich agricultural and mineral resources, large number of ^{industrial} agricultural and commercial centres and port facilities in Kolkata. Therefore, it has the best railway network in India.

29) i) ^{2nd one} Primitive subsistence farming is practiced by tribal societies on small patches of land using ^{primitive tools like} hoe, dao and digging sticks.

ii) It involves family labour and the produce obtained is ^{used} for self-consumption.

iii) Primitive subsistence farming depends upon monsoon and natural fertility of the soil as fertilizers are not used for this type of agriculture.

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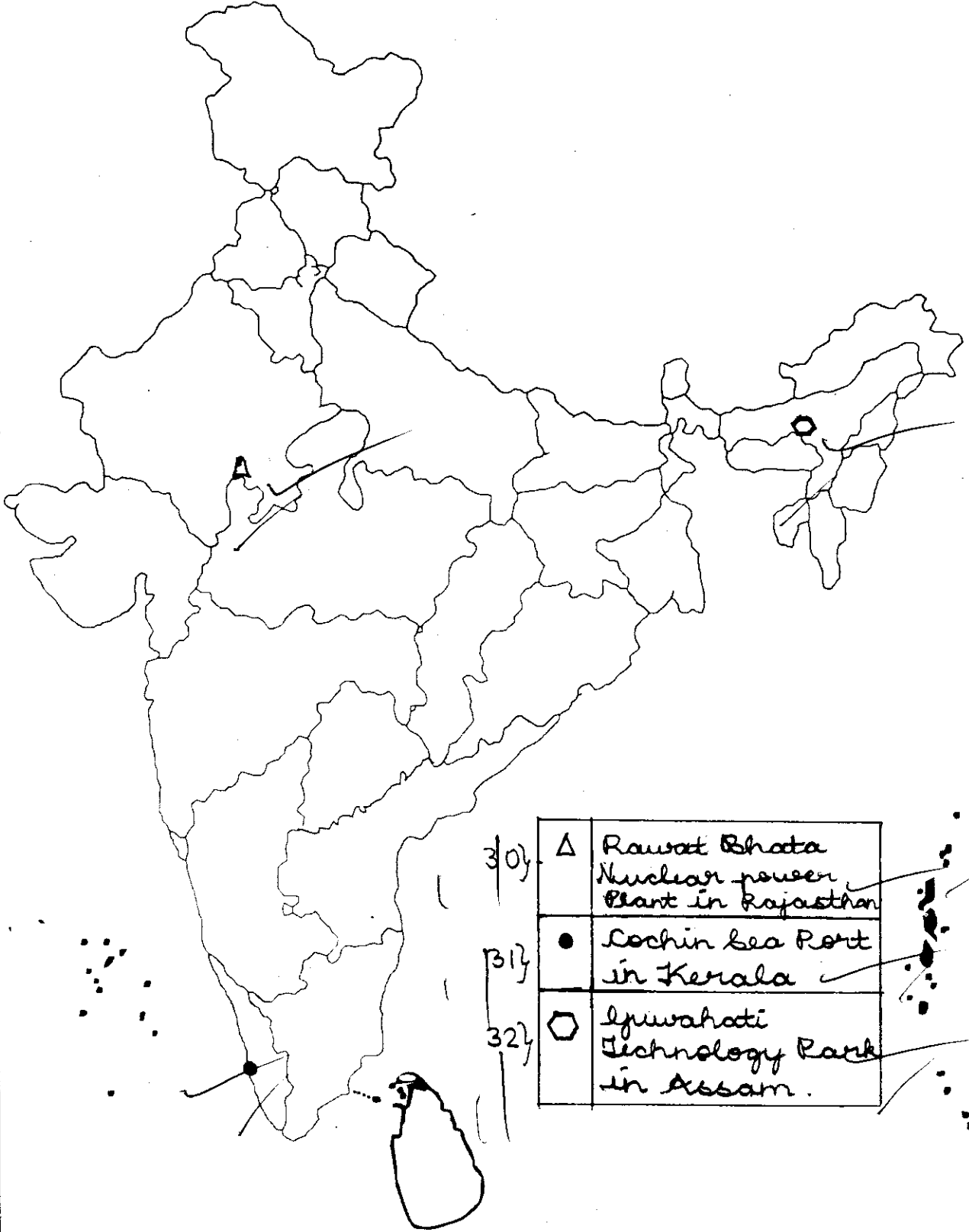
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11

Q.No.

INDIA

भारत



30}	△	Rawat Bhata Nuclear power Plant in Rajasthan
31}	●	Cochin Sea Port in Kerala
32}	⬡	Guwahati Technology Park in Assam.

